Acknowledgements

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Like probably every PhD student before me, I can hardly believe it's now at an end. It's been a wonderful experience and I know that is down to the great people I have had the pleasure to get to know over these past few years. Of all my happy memories, top of the list are: the LA trip – outstanding! Eva and Zoe on the Tower of Terror, just hilarious! The trip to the synchrotron is also high up the list; what geek couldn't love taking a walk around a particle accelerator? Finally, I can't resist it, Brad Pitt filming right outside the university! After our trip to Hollywood, Hollywood came to us.

And now we get to the most important paragraph in the whole thesis: my family. David, my biggest fan, you have never relented in your encouragement or belief in me. I think I've been Mrs Baillie for long enough, what do you say? (Ha ha!) Jonathan and Petra, you kept me sane more than you know and you could always lift my spirit when things weren't going to plan! You have been strong when I needed it and silly when I needed that more. Thank you Baillies! David: DOSY-doh. Jonathan: lunch buddy! Petra: all plastics are polymers, but not all polymers are plastics! Now, how about a cruise?

Abstract

Building on recent successes in mixed-metal chemistry, this research project aims to enhance the understanding of the complicated correlations existing between structural patterns and reactivities of alkali metal magnesiates and zincates together with exploring their applications in a number of fundamental organic transformation reactions such as metallation, alkyl addition and metal-halogen exchange reactions.

Elucidating the effect that donor solvents can exert on the overall constitution of organometallic reagents, a series of novel solvated [(donor)MMgR₃] and $[(donor)_2M_2M_2R_4]$ (donor = THF, dioxane, TMEDA, PMDETA; M = Li, Na, K; R = CH₂SiMe₃) compounds have been prepared and fully characterised both in the solidstate and in solution using multinuclear NMR (including ¹H-DOSY NMR) studies. A rich variety of structural motifs has been disclosed which range from simple monomers when polydentate ligands such as PMDETA are employed, such as $[(PMDETA)LiMgR_3]$ (6) and $[(PMDETA)_2MMgR_4]$ (M = Na (9), K (11)), to much more complex polymeric structures using oxygen donor ligands dioxane or THF, such $[\{(\text{dioxane})_2 \text{LiMgR}_3\}_{\infty}] \quad (\mathbf{3}), \quad [\{(\text{dioxane}) \text{Li}_2 \text{Mg}_2 \text{R}_6\}_{\infty}]$ as (4) and $[{(THF)LiMgR_3}_{\infty}]$ (2). The first examples of unsolvated trisalkyl magnesiates $[{NaMgR_3}_{\infty}]$ (12) and $[{KMgR_3}_{\infty}]$ (16) have been unveiled which exhibit distinct 2D supramolecular structures in the solid-state constructed exclusively of electron deficient M-C bonds. The ability of novel potassium magnesiates to participate in direct magnesium-hydrogen exchange reactions was assessed with several aromatic and heteroaromatic substrates.

In addition, key reaction intermediates have been structurally defined from metallation, alkyl addition and metal-halogen exchange reactions which provide compelling evidence that the outcome of these reactions are reliant on subtle changes in the coordination sphere of the bimetallic reagent employed. Thus, the reactivity of heteroleptic zincate $[(THF)LiZn(TMP)(tBu)_2]$ (22) towards pyrazine has demonstrated that despite the presence of two nucleophilic *t*Bu groups the selective

two-fold deprotonation of the heterocycle pyrazine is preferred to form the unprecedented 2,5-di-zincated pyrazine molecule. These results are in contrast with those observed when pyrazine is confronted by the homoleptic alkyl zincate [(PMDETA)LiZn(tBu)₃] (23) where the chemoselective addition of a tBu group to the α -C of the heterocycle takes place under mild reaction conditions. Focussing on metal-halogen exchange reactions, the addition of LiOtBu has proved to greatly activate ZnEt₂ towards zinc-iodine exchange reactions with 2-iodoanisole under mild conditions.

Novel bimetallic approaches which allow the selective C4 functionalisation of unsaturated N-heterocyclic carbene IPr have been developed. Thus, the first direct zincation of an NHC was achieved by reacting sodium zincate [(TMEDA)Na(TMP)(tBu)Zn(tBu)] with IPr to form [(THF)₃Na(IPr*)Zn(tBu)₂] (41). 41 exhibits a unique chemical profile and can react efficiently with [ClAu(PPh₃)] to form an unprecedented bis-gold [ClAu(IPr*)Au(PPh₃)] (47) species. Extension of these reactivity studies to Na/Mg combinations allows the isolation of the first deprotonated carbene sodium magnesiate containing a molecule $[(THF)_3Na(IPr^*)Mg(CH_2SiMe_3)_2(THF)]$ (50).

Publications

"Synthesis, structural elucidation and diffusion-ordered NMR studies of homoleptic alkyllithium magnesiates: donor-controlled structural variations in mixed-metal chemistry" Sharon E. Baillie, William Clegg, Pablo Garcia-Alvarez, Eva Hevia, Alan R. Kennedy, Jan Klett and Luca Russo, Organometallics, 2012, 31, 5131.

"New lithium-zincate approaches for the selective functionalisation of pyrazine: direct dideprotozincation vs. nucleophilic alkylation" **Sharon E. Baillie**, Victoria L. Blair, David C. Blakemore, Duncan Hay, Alan R. Kennedy, David C. Pryde and Eva Hevia, *Chem. Commun.*, **2012**, *48*, 1985.

"*A new polymeric alkyl/alkoxide magnesium–sodium inverse crown complex*" Sharon E. Baillie, Victoria L. Blair, Eva Hevia and Alan R. Kennedy, *Acta Cryst.*, 2011, *C*67, 249.

"Synthesis and characterization of an infinite sheet of metal-alkyl bonds: unfolding the elusive structure of an unsolvated alkali-metal trisalkylmagnesiate" Sharon E. Baillie, William Clegg, Pablo Garcia-Alvarez, Eva Hevia, Alan R. Kennedy, Jan Klett and Luca Russo, Chem. Commun., 2011, 47, 388.

Other publications not related to this work

"Synthesis of mixed alkali-metal-zinc enolate complexes derived from 2,4,6trimethylacetophenone: new inverse crown structures" **Sharon E. Baillie**, Eva Hevia, Alan R. Kennedy, and Robert E. Mulvey, Organometallics **2007**, *26*, 204.

Conference Presentations

1. *"New structural and reactivity insights in magnesiate and zincate chemistry"*; Hamilton-Barrett Postgraduate Prize Award lecture, University of Strathclyde, Oct 2011.

- 2. "New structural insights in mixed-metal magnesiate and zincate chemistry"; 6th WestCHEM Research Day, Glasgow University, June 2011.
- 3. "*New structural insights in mixed-metal magnesiate and zincate chemistry*"; American Chemical Society, 241st National Meeting, California, March 2011.

Conference Poster Presentations

- 1. "New lithium-zincate approaches for the selective functionalization of pyrazine: direct dideprotonation vs. nucleophilic alkylation"; North West Organic Chemistry Symposium, Liverpool University, July 2012.
- 2. "Probing the structures of a series of lithium magnesiates"; Universities of Scotland Inorganic Conference, Glasgow University, July 2011.
- "Unveiling the Structure of Unsolvated Alkali-Metal Magnesiates"; Royal Society of Chemistry Young Members' Symposium, Manchester University, October 2010.
- 4. *"Unveiling the Structure of Unsolvated Alkali-Metal Magnesiates"*; Universities of Scotland Inorganic Conference, Durham University, July 2010.

Table of Common Abbreviations

acac	Acetylacetonate
AMM <i>M</i>	Alkali-metal-mediated metallation
AMM <i>Mg</i>	Alkali-metal-mediated magnesiation
AMM <i>Mn</i>	Alkali-metal-mediated manganation
AMMZn	Alkali metal mediated zincation
aNHC	Abnormal N-Heterocyclic carbene
Ar	Aryl
<i>n</i> Bu	(CH ₂) ₃ CH ₃
<i>t</i> Bu	C(CH ₃) ₃
CCDB	Cambridge crystallographic database
CIP	Contacted ion-pair
COSY	¹ H- ¹ H correlated spectroscopy
Ср	Cyclopentadiene anion $(C_5H_5)^-$
DA	Diisopropylamide
DCM	Dichloromethane
DFT	Density functional theory
Dipp	Diisopropylphenyl
DOSY	Diffusion ordered NMR spectroscopy
Dppf	1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene
Ee	Enantiomeric excess (%)
Et	Ethyl
Et ₂ O	Diethyl ether
FW	Formula weight
G	Grams
Н	Hours
HMDS	Hexamethyldisilazide
HOESY	Heteronuclear Overhauser effect spectroscopy
HSQC	Heteronuclear single quantum correlation spectroscopy
IBu	1,3-di-tert-butylmidazol-2-ylidene
ICE	Inverse crown ether

1,3-dimesityimidazol-2-ylidene		
1,3-bis-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)imidazol-2-ylidene		
$:C\{[N(2,6-iPr_2C_6H_3)]_2CHC\}$		
Lithium diisopropylamide		
Molar		
Methyl		
Megahertz		
Millilitres		
Millimoles		
N-Heterocyclic carbene		
N-Heterocyclic dicarbene		
N-methylpyrrolidinone		
Nuclear magnetic resonance		
s – singlet		
d – doublet		

t – triplet

q – quartet

m – multiplet

b – broad

NOESY	Nuclear Overhauser effect spectroscopy		
Nu	Nucleophile		
PGSE	Pulsed gradient spin echo		
Ph	Phenyl		
PhN	Phenylnaphthalene		
PMDETA	N,N,N',N'',N''-pentamethyldiethylenetriamine		
Ppm	Parts per million		
Pr	Propyl		
SSIP	Solvent separated ion-pair		
THF	Tetrahydrofuran		
TMEDA			
INLEDIT	<i>N,N,N',N'</i> -tetramethylethylenediamine		
TMP	N,N,N',N'-tetramethylethylenediamine 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidide		

TMS	Trimethylsilyl or tetramethylsilane
TPhN	1,2,3,4-tetraphenylnaphthalene

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pyrazine

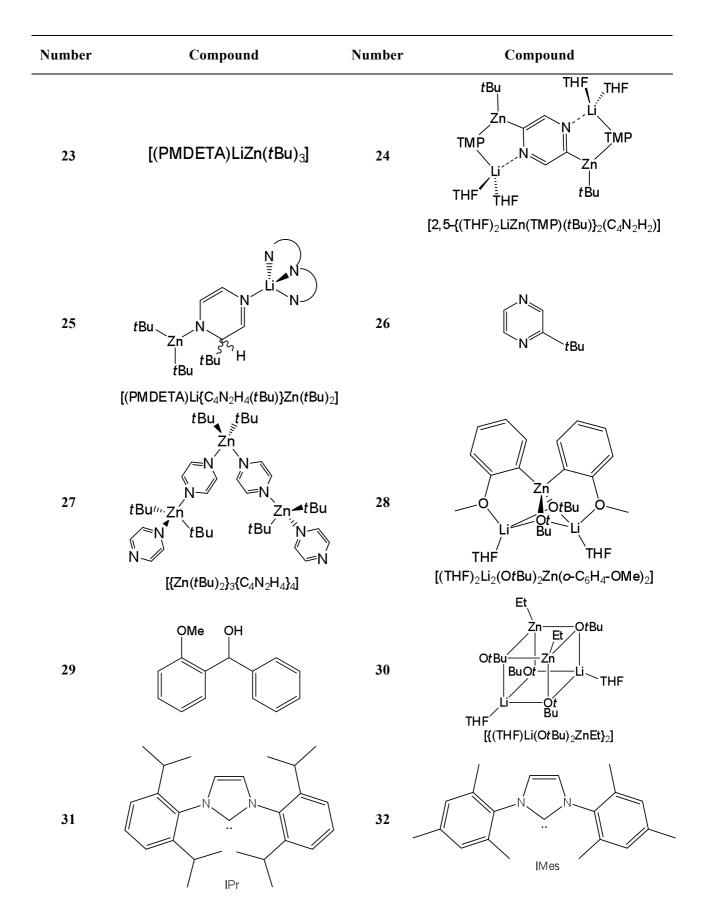
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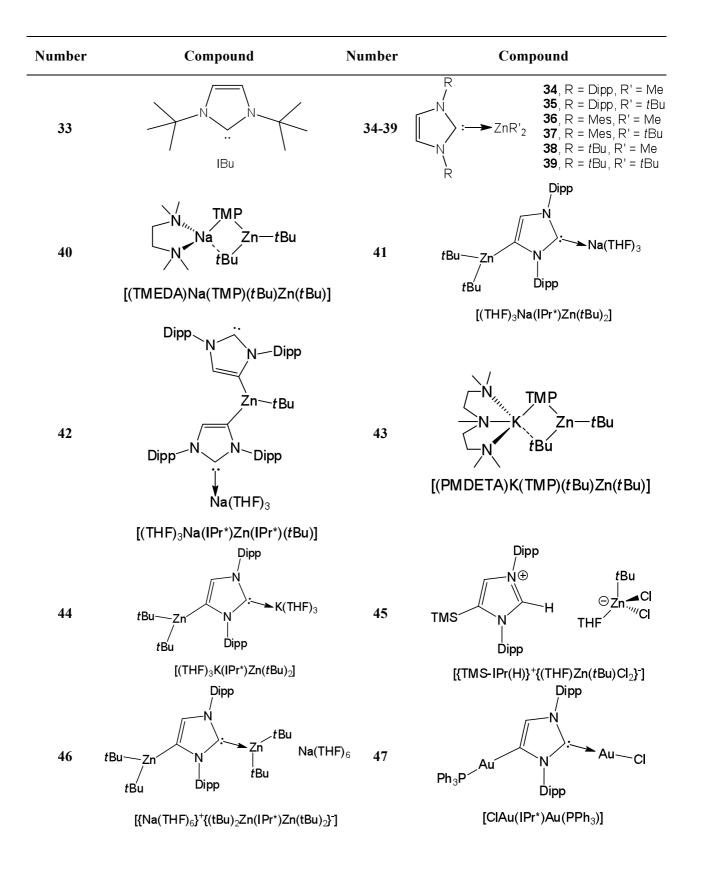
Number	Compound	Number	Compound
1	[LiMgR ₃]	2	-Li Mg R R [{(THF)LiMgR ₃ }∞]
3	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & R & 0 \\ 0 & R & R \end{bmatrix}_{\infty}$ $[{(dioxane)_2 LiMgR_3}_{\infty}]$	4	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & R & R & R & R \\ -1 & -Li & Mg & Mg & Li - 0 \\ R & R & R & R & -1 \\ \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} (\text{dioxane}) \text{Li}_2 \text{Mg}_2 \text{R}_6 \end{bmatrix}_{\infty} \end{bmatrix}$
5	N R R N [(TMEDA) ₂ Li ₂ MgR ₄]	6	$\begin{bmatrix} N \\ N \\ N \\ N \\ N \\ R \end{bmatrix}$ $[(PMDETA) LiMgR_3]$
7	$\begin{bmatrix} N \\ N \\ Li \\ N \end{bmatrix}^{+}$ $\begin{bmatrix} R \\ Mg \\ R \\ Mg \\ R \\ $	8	N R R N [(TMEDA) ₂ Na ₂ MgR ₄]
9	$[\{(PMDETA)_{2}Li_{2}MgR_{3}\}^{+}\{Mg_{3}R_{6}(OR)\}^{-}]$ $(N) = Na = N = N = N = N = N = N = N = N = $	10	$[(TMEDA)_2K_2MgR_4]$

Table of Compounds

Number	Compound	Number	Compound
11	$\begin{bmatrix} N & R & N \\ N & K & Mg \\ N & R & R & N \\ \end{bmatrix}$ $[(PMDETA)_2K_2MgR_4]$	12	[{NaMgR₃}∞]
13	[{(NaR)₄}∞]	14	[Na ₂ MgR ₄]
15	Na RO Mg R Na R Mg R Na Mg R Na	16	[{KMgR₃}∞]
17	[{(C ₆ H ₆)KMgR ₃ }∞]	18	[{(Cp₂Fe)KMgR₃}∞]
19	(THF) ₃ R Mg Mg (THF) ₃ R	20	S
21	[{(THF) ₃ K(R)(OCH=CH ₂)MgR} ₂] OMe	22	[(THF)LiZn(TMP)(<i>t</i> Bu) ₂]



XV



Number	Compound	Number	Compound
48	Dipp N N Li TBu tBu Dipp	49	$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ $
50	[IPr LiZntBu ₃] Dipp THF R ^{IIIIII} Mg R Dipp [(THF) ₃ Na(IPr*)Mg(R) ₂ (THF)]		